Stronger Economies Together Participants’ Guide
Module Five: Examining Current Demographic Features of Your Region
Worksheet 1: Support Links

American Community Survey
http://www.census.gov/acs/www/

American FactFinder
http://factfinder.census.gov

Bureau of Economic Analysis - Regional Economic Accounts
http://www.bea.gov/regional/reis/

Bureau of Labor Statistics
http://www.bls.gov/lau/

Census Bureau - Main Portal
http://www.census.gov/

Census Bureau A-Z Subjects

Census of Agriculture

Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates, Census
http://www.census.gov/did/www/saip/pe/

Small Area Health Insurance Estimates, Census
http://www.census.gov/did/www/sahie/

SRDC Community Data Center
http://srdc.msstate.edu/data/center/

State and Metropolitan Area Data Book
http://www.census.gov/compendia/smadb/
Web Links Utilized in Module Five

ACCRA Cost of Living Index
http://www.coli.org/

Census Bureau:

- Current Population Survey - Annual Social and Economic
  http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/data/historical/index.html

- Educational Attainment by State

- Population Change Data
  http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-comp-chg.html

- Population Changes by County Over the 2000-09 Period

- Population projections by State (along with changes by age)
  http://www.census.gov/population/www/projections/projectionsagesex.html

- Resident Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for Counties
  http://www.census.gov/popest/counties/asrh/CC-EST2009-alldata.html
  AND
  http://www.census.gov/popest/counties/asrh/CC-EST2009-agesex.html

- Total Population Data
  http://www.census.gov/popest/states/NST-ann-est.html

Economic Research Service - Natural Amenities Scale
http://ers.usda.gov/Data/NaturalAmenities/

Food and Nutrition Service/USDA
http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/16SNAPpartHH.htm
Missouri Economic Research and Information Center
http://www.missourieconomy.org/indicators/cost_of_living/index.stm

National Assessment of Educational Progress Information
http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/

National Telecommunications and Information Administration
http://www.ntia.doc.gov/data/index.html

Social Security Administration - SSI Data by State and County

Social Security Administration - SSI Recipients by State and County

STATS America - Occupational Clusters
http://www.statsamerica.org/innovation/

The Economic Research Service - SNAP Participation by States and Counties/Parishes

The Rural Assistance Center (The poverty maps are created from data published by the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates.)
http://www.raconline.org/maps/#poverty

U.S. Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics
http://www.bls.gov/opub/working/page3b.htm

U.S. Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration (USDOL/ETA) - O*Net
http://www.onetcenter.org/
Sources

- **U.S. Census Bureau Estimates**: Population, race, age groups, housing units and components of population change data
- **U. S. Census Bureau Decennial Census**: Educational Attainment for the years 1990 and 2000; data for 2009 was obtained from the Economic Modeling Specialists, Inc. (EMSI) Spring 2010 Complete Employment dataset
- **U.S. Census Bureau Manufacturing, Mining and Construction Statistics**: Building permits data (new private housing units)
- **U.S. Census Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates**: Poverty (persons) and child poverty rates data
- **Bureau of Labor Statistics Local Area Unemployment**: Civilian Labor Force, Unemployed and Unemployment Rate (data is not seasonally adjusted)

Calculations

- **Net migration** was obtained from the components of population change data rather than adding the individual components; net migration includes residual population
- **Average building permit value** was calculated by dividing the total value of building permits by the total number of building permits
- **Child poverty rate** was calculated by dividing the total people under age 18 in poverty by the total population under age 18

Notes

- State-level as well as metro, micro, and noncore data were calculated using county-level data.
- The 2003 core-based statistical area developed by the **U.S. Office of Management and Budget** was used to define a county as metropolitan, micropolitan, or non-core; non-metro calculations include micropolitan and non-core counties
- Components of population change for the year 2000 include the period between 4/1/2000 and 7/1/2000; components of population change for the year 2009 include the period between 7/1/2008 and 7/1/2009. For more information on components of population change, visit: http://www.census.gov/popest/counties/files/CO-EST2008-alldata.pdf
Sources

- **U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates**: Median household income (nominal dollars, not adjusted for inflation)
- **Bureau of Economic Analysis Regional Accounts Information**: Per Capita Market Income, average self-employed income and average wage & salary income (nominal dollars, not adjusted for inflation)
- **Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Summary of Deposits dataset**: Bank deposits data
- **Bureau of Economic Analysis Regional Accounts Information**: Percents of self-employed, wage & salary employed, goods-producing and service-producing employed
- **U.S. Census County Business Patterns**: Gathering places, micro, and small establishments data
- **U.S. Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service Census of Agriculture**: Farm data
- **U.S. Decennial Census**: Travel time to work

Calculations

- **Median Household income** for metro and non-metro areas was calculated by multiplying the percent of a particular county’s population to the area’s population by the median household income for that particular county. The resulting shares of median household income were added up for that particular area.
- **Per capita market income** was calculated by subtracting transfer receipts of individuals from government from total personal income and dividing it by the total population; average self-employed income was calculated by dividing the total nonfarm proprietor income by the total number nonfarm proprietors; average wage & salary income was calculated by dividing the total wage & salary disbursements by the total wage & salary employed

Notes

- 1989 Median household income was used for the year 1990
- Goods-producing jobs includes the following industrial sectors: forestry, fishing, etc., mining, construction, and manufacturing; service producing encompasses all other sectors including government and government enterprises
- NAICS codes used for gathering places: +71 (Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation) +722 (Food Services and Drinking Places) +812 (Personal and Laundry Services) +813 (Religious, Grantmaking, Civic, Professional, and Similar Organizations) +519120 (Libraries)